





## Patellofemoral (knee) Pain

The following information is for adolescents (12+) and adults experiencing knee pain



### Why do I get knee pain?

Many things can contribute to feeling pain, such as:

- Squatting
- Sitting for a long time
- Going up and down on stairs
- Jumping
- Running

### Will my pain go away?

- Most people with knee pain get better with treatment
- Treatment can speed up recovery while reducing pain and improving function

#### What can I do?

To help speed up your recovery:

- Participate in your care with your healthcare provider
- Continue day-to-day activities even if you experience some pain (within reason)

# Potential treatment options to discuss with your healthcare provider

- Exercise therapy of the hip and knee and one or more of the following:
  - Foot orthoses
  - Patellar (kneecap) taping
  - Patellar mobilizations
  - Lower-limb stretching
  - Acupuncture

# Contact your healthcare provider if you experience any of the following

- Sharp pain
- Persistent nagging ache
- Unexplained deformity, swelling, or redness of the skin
- Weakness not due to pain
- Fever/chills/feeling ill
- Pain at rest
- Inability to perform movements
- Sudden weight loss or loss of appetite

Information based on: Willy RW, Hoglund LT, Barton CJ., et al. Patellofemoral Pain: Clinical Practice Guidelines Linked to the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health From the Academy of Orthopaedic Physical Therapy of the American Physical Therapy Association. J Orthop Sports Phys Ther. 2019;49(9): CPG1-CPG95.